PART F ADMISSIONS STANDARDS POLICY

1.00 Introduction

Admissions standards are established, pursuant to statute, for undergraduate applicants for admission at each public institution of higher education in Colorado. The original policy was adopted by the Commission in 1986, implemented the following year, and established state-level admission standards for both first-time freshmen and transfer students at each of the Colorado baccalaureate public institutions. The standards represent minimum requirements at four-year public institutions and not for the state's community colleges, which are open admissions. Institutions are allowed to admit up to the percent determined by the Commission of the undergraduate applicants on criteria other than the CCHE freshmen index or transfer grade point average through admissions "windows." Meeting the CCHE admission standards does not guarantee admissions as institutions consider a broad range of factors in making admissions decisions.

The current policy reflects a significant addition for applicants who will be high school graduates beginning in spring 2008. In addition to defining institutional admissions indices for first-time freshmen and grade point averages for entering undergraduate transfers, the standards are expanded to require a strong precollegiate curriculum so that students seeking admission to four-year public colleges and universities are ready to progress successfully in higher education. The course-preparation requirements are based on research known to increase a student's likelihood for success in postsecondary education, particularly at baccalaureate-granting institutions. The Commission adopted recommendations concerning the secondary school curriculum in 1983 that strongly encouraged institutions and governing boards to follow these or more rigorous recommendations. That action, however, did not require such standards as part of its admissions standards policy. The current policy articulates and requires the curriculum that will enable the CCHE admission standard of completion of a specified precollegiate curriculum to be met by first-time entering undergraduates who graduate from high school in spring 2008 or later.

The policy is comprised of seven sections:

1.00	Introduction
2.00	Statutory Authority
3.00	Policy Goals
4.00	Precollegiate Curriculum
5.00	CCHE Undergraduate Admission Standards Index and Transfer GPA
6.00	Penalties for Not Meeting the Standards
7.00	Enrollment Limits on Admission Standards

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To ensure that the Admission Standards Policy continues to meet state goals and priorities, the Commission will review the policy every three years to determine if changes are appropriate. Additionally, institutions shall report all undergraduate freshmen and transfer applicants, including those for summer terms, to the Commission on the Student Unit Record Data System (SURDS) Undergraduate Applicant File. Included with this policy is a technical appendix describing the methodology used to calculate the CCHE admissions indices and supporting documentation for data submissions. These data will be used to monitor the compliance of institutions with the Commission's standards and to evaluate the impact of the policy on institutions and students annually.

2.00 Statutory Authority

There are a number of sections of the law that are applicable to the establishment of the Commission's policy on admission standards. These are listed below.

- 23-1-108 (1) (e) Establish state policies that differentiate admission and program standards and that are consistent with institutional role and missions as described in statute and further defined in paragraph (c) of this subsection (1);
- 23-1-113 <u>Commission directive -- admission standards for baccalaureate and graduate institutions of higher education.</u>
- (1) (a) The Commission shall commence immediately to establish and the governing boards shall implement academic admission standards for first-time freshmen and transfer students at all state-supported baccalaureate and graduate institutions of higher education in the state. The standards shall be established by the Commission, after consultation with the governing boards of institutions, and the first step of implementation shall be completed by the governing boards by the beginning of the fall term in 1986.
- (b) The standards established shall use at least two of the following three criteria for first-time admitted freshmen students: Standardized test scores, high school grade point average, and high school class rank. The criteria established shall be consistent with the role and mission established for each state-supported institution of higher education. In lieu of such criteria, additional criteria may be used for up to twenty percent of the admitted freshmen. Students who meet the minimum criteria for admission shall not be guaranteed admission to the institution to which they have applied, but they shall be eligible for consideration.
- (c) The standards established shall use college grade point average. In lieu of such criterion, additional criteria may be used for up to twenty percent of the admitted transfer students. The academic admission standards and policies established for transfer students shall be consistent with the student transfer agreements established by the Commission pursuant to section 23-1-108 (7).
- (d) (I) No other admission standards shall be imposed by any agency or committee of the executive or legislative branch of state government.
 - (II) This paragraph (d) is repealed, effective June 30, 1988.
- (2) The Commission shall make an annual report to the General Assembly detailing the specific admission requirements in the categories of students described in subsection

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- (1) of this section at each campus and institution of higher education. Such reports shall be due not later than January 1 of each year, beginning January 1, 1986.
- 23-1-108 (1) (c) Determine the role and mission of each state-supported institution of higher education within statutory guidelines;
- 23-20-101 (1) (a) The Boulder campus of the University of Colorado shall be a comprehensive graduate research university with selective admission standards
- (b) The Denver campus of the University of Colorado shall be a urban comprehensive undergraduate and graduate research university with selective standards .
- (c) The Colorado Springs Campus of the University of Colorado shall be a comprehensive university with selective admission standards
- 23-31-101 . . . Colorado State University shall be a comprehensive graduate research university with selective admission standards
- 23-40-101. . . The University of Northern Colorado shall be a comprehensive baccalaureate and specialized graduate research university with selective admission standards
- 23-41-105 . . . The School of Mines shall be a specialized baccalaureate and graduate research institution with high admission standards
- 23-55-101 . . . Colorado State University-Pueblo which shall be a regional, comprehensive institution with moderately selective admission standards.
- 23-51-101 . . . Adams State College, which shall be a general baccalaureate institution with moderately selective admission standards.
- 23-52-102 . . . Fort Lewis College, which shall be a general baccalaureate institution with moderately selective admission standards.
- 23-53-101 . . . Mesa State College, which shall be a general baccalaureate institution with moderately selective admission standards.
- 23-54-101 . . . Metropolitan State College, which shall be a comprehensive baccalaureate institution with modified open admission standards; except that non-traditional students, as defined by the Colorado Commission on Higher Education after consultation with the Board of Trustees of the Consortium of State Colleges, who are at least twenty years of age shall only have an admission requirement of a high school diploma, a GED high school equivalency certificate, or the equivalent thereof.
- 23-56-101 . . . Western State College of Colorado shall be a general baccalaureate institution with moderately selective admission standards.

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23-60-201 ... A state system of community and technical colleges ... offers a broad range of general, personal, vocational, and technical education programs. No college shall impose admission requirements upon any student.

23-72-121.5 . . . Aims Community College and Colorado Mountain College shall be two-year local district colleges with open admission standards.

3.00 Policy Goals

Through this policy, the Commission intends to:

- 1. establish admission standards based on student performance and differentiated institutional role and mission while ensuring broad access to undergraduate programs with minimum duplication;
- 2. set clear performance expectations and communicate those expectations to prospective students;
- 3. reaffirm the principle that the opportunity to be admitted to a state-supported institution of higher education in Colorado must be earned, while assuring that the opportunity to enter the state-supported system of higher education is provided for Colorado residents; and
- 4. encourage diversity by supporting the admission of applicants from underrepresented groups, applicants with special talents, and applicants with disabilities.

4.00 Precollegiate Curriculum

Effective with applicants who graduate from high school in spring 2008 or later, in-state and out-of-state freshmen must meet both the institution's index standard and have completed the required precollegiate curriculum (if applicable) to meet CCHE's freshmen admission standard. The requirement also applies to other students subject to the freshmen admission standard, if the year of high school graduation is spring 2008 or later. Freshmen who have not completed the required precollegiate curriculum will not meet the CCHE admission standard for any four-year college or university (except students age 20 or older at Metropolitan State College of Denver), regardless of the student's index score. The 15 units, based on research by American College Testing (ACT), identify secondary course-taking that significantly enhances students' academic success in postsecondary education.

English 4 Units
Mathematics 3 Units
Natural Science 3 Units
Social Science 3 Units
Academic Electives* 2 Units
TOTAL 15 Units

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*Foreign languages (2 units must be from same language) and others listed in section 4.01.

Note: An academic unit, often referred to as a Carnegie unit, is equivalent to one full school year of credit in a specific subject.

4.01 Precollegiate Curriculum Academic Requirements

Fifteen academic units/credits are required according to the distribution below. Students must receive a passing grade in each course to fulfill the requirement.

English:

Acceptable courses include at least two units that emphasize writing or composition skills as well as literature, speech, and debate. Also acceptable are honors, advanced placement, and/or international baccalaureate courses. Examples of unacceptable courses are business English, ESL English, school publications, yearbook, drama, and journalism.

Mathematics:

Acceptable courses include algebra I, intermediate algebra, geometry, algebra II, pre-calculus, or trigonometry, or comparable coursework. A computer science course with a prerequisite of at least algebra I is permissible as fulfilling a mathematics requirement. Also acceptable are honors, advanced placement, and/or international baccalaureate courses. It is recommended that prospective students take a mathematics course in twelfth grade. Examples of unacceptable courses are pre-algebra, general math, business math, accounting, and consumer math.

Natural Science:

Acceptable courses include biology, chemistry, physics, earth science or comparable coursework. Also acceptable are honors, advanced placement, and/or international baccalaureate courses. Examples of unacceptable are general science, outdoor education, environmental studies, and physical science. To meet the precollegiate curriculum, the student must complete at least two courses with laboratory work.

Social Science:

Acceptable courses include U.S. history, world civilization, state and/or international history, civics, principles of democracy, geography, economics, psychology, sociology, and comparable coursework. Also acceptable are honors, advanced placement, and/or international baccalaureate courses. Examples of unacceptable courses are family living, marriage and family, and consumer education. To meet the precollegiate curriculum, the student must complete at least one course in U.S. history and/or world civilization.

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Academic Electives: Acceptable courses may come from any academic area listed above or foreign languages (2 units must be from same foreign language), computer science, art, music, journalism, or drama. Also acceptable are honors, advanced placement, and/or international baccalaureate courses.

TOTAL: 15 Units

See section 4.05 for precollegiate curriculum requirements beginning in spring 2010.

- 4.02 Approved Alternatives for Fulfilling Precollegiate Curriculum Requirements
 - 4.02.01 Successful completion of college-level academic courses taken in high school via programs such as Postsecondary Enrollment Options (PSEO) or Fast Track may be counted toward satisfying the precollegiate curriculum requirements.
 - 4.02.02 Precollegiate courses taken prior to ninth grade may be counted as meeting the precollegiate core if the content is equivalent to high school courses (e.g., foreign language I and algebra I). Successful completion of a high school course at the second-year level will satisfy this requirement, regardless of whether the courses were taken before the ninth grade.
 - 4.02.03 Specific precollegiate course requirements may be fulfilled by successfully completing assessments of comparable knowledge and competencies approved by the Colorado Commission on Higher Education.
- 4.03 Students Required to Meet Precollegiate Curriculum Requirements
 - 4.03.01 Completion of the precollegiate curriculum is required to meet the admission standard by all entering undergraduates admitted to Colorado's four-year public colleges and universities for first-time undergraduate enrollment since high school graduation, effective with spring 2008 graduates and later. The requirement also applies to other students subject to the freshmen admission standard if the year of high school graduation is spring 2008 or later. See section 5.04.04 for curricular requirements that apply to transfer students who graduate in spring 2008 or later.
 - 4.03.02 Students who drop out of high school, earn a GED, and apply to a four-year institution are subject to the same requirements as other students. If a student's transcript does not meet the precollegiate curriculum requirements, s/he may be admitted through the institution's window. See section 5.05 for explanation of the admission window.
 - 4.03.03 Home schooled students are subject to the same requirements as other students.
 - 4.03.04 Students admitted to degree and certificate of completion programs offered through the Colorado Statewide Extended Campus Program.

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- 4.03.04.01 Persons who wish to enroll in a degree or certificate of completion program offered either through the Statewide Extended Campus Program, the Off-Campus State-Funded Program or under the authority as a Regional Education Provider shall meet exactly the same institutional requirements for admission that are applied to students enrolling on-campus.
- 4.03.04.02 Students who have not been formally admitted to an institution and who wish to enroll in any off-campus course not offered as part of a complete off-campus degree program may enroll through the Statewide Extended Campus Program. The sponsoring institution/campus may implement policies regarding enrollment of non-matriculated off-campus students.
- 4.03.04.03 Students enrolling for courses through the Statewide Extended Campus Program, upon deciding to complete a degree, apply for admission, and, if accepted, are matriculated and become degree candidates. When they apply for admission they shall meet the same admission standards as are applied to students enrolling on-campus who have previously completed the same number of credits. (A non-matriculated student with credits earned through the Statewide Extended Campus Program could be formally admitted to the institution, depending upon the number of credits actually earned, either as a new freshman student or as a transfer student.)
- 4.03.04.04 A student who has been formally admitted to the institution may enroll in courses through the Statewide Extended Campus Program and apply the credits toward a degree, but should be advised to consult with the institution to ensure that the credits earned would fulfill degree requirements.

4.04 Students Exempt from Precollegiate Curriculum Requirements

The following students are exempt from the precollegiate curriculum requirements:

- 4.04.01 Any student who graduates from high school prior to spring 2008.
- 4.04.02 Concurrently enrolled students are exempt from the precollegiate curriculum requirements until they are formally admitted by an institution.
- 4.04.03 Students entering a baccalaureate-degree program with 30 or more college-level semester credit hours and a minimum grade point average that meets or exceeds that specified in Table 2 unless transferring within the same institution.
- 4.04.04 Students applying for a certificate or two-year degree program at a four-year institution.
- 4.04.05 Students who have a foreign (non-U.S.) transcript.

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- 4.04.06 Students who have earned a baccalaureate degree.
- 4.04.07 Nontraditional applicants to Metropolitan State College of Denver. More specifically, first-time freshmen and transfer students who are at least 20 years of age on or before September 15 for admission in a summer or fall term on or before February 15 for admission in a winter or spring term are considered non-traditional by statute.
- 4.04.08 Students who are non-degree-seeking summer only.
- 4.04.09 Students participating in a formal national, international, or Colorado Consortium exchange program with a planned enrollment for one year or less.
- 4.04.10 Students who are non-degree-seeking without a baccalaureate degree and are age 20 or older. When non-degree-seeking undergraduates apply for formal admission to enroll in the same institution and become degree-seeking students (i.e., transfer within an institution), however, these applicants are then subject to the precollegiate curriculum requirement, regardless of age if s/he graduated in spring 2008 or later.

4.05 Precollegiate Curriculum Requirements Effective for Spring 2010 Graduates

Beginning with students graduating from high school in spring 2010, in addition to the requirements of section 4.00, a student must complete a fourth unit of mathematics of the same or greater academic rigor as described in section 4.01, and two units of the same foreign language will be required. Electives may include foreign language for more than two years. Total academic course units total 18.

4.06 Compliance with Precollegiate Curriculum Requirement

Beginning with students graduating in spring 2008 and reported as admitted students in summer/fall 2008 (FY2009) who have not completed the precollegiate curriculum requirements will be counted as window admits unless exempt from precollegiate curricular requirements (see section 5.05). Institutions shall report the status of student completion of the precollegiate curriculum requirement via the SURDS Undergraduate Applicant File. These data will be used to monitor the compliance of institutions with the Commission's standards and to evaluate the policy's impact on students.

5.00 CCHE Undergraduate Admission Standards Index and Transfer GPA

5.01 Background

In 1987, pursuant to statute, the Commission established state-level admission standards for first-time entering undergraduates and transfer students at each of Colorado's baccalaureate-granting public institutions. The standards established by the Commission in 1987 for an entering freshman were based on the calculation of an admissions index. The index has two components: a student's high school performance (i.e., high school

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grade point average (g.p.a.) or class rank) and performance on a standardized test. For an undergraduate transferring from another institution, the standard's criterion was a specific grade point average.

Prior to the adoption of this revised policy by the Commission, at least 80% of an institution's fiscal year admits had to meet the appropriate CCHE freshman or transfer standard. Each institution was allowed to admit students who do not meet the CCHE admissions standards up to a number not exceeding 20% of the admitted pool of students. This pool, often referred to as "the admissions window," provides institutional flexibility in admitting promising students who meet institutionally established criteria but not the Commission's numerical standards. In addition, some students explicitly are exempt from the CCHE standards.

5.02 Applicants Exempt from CCHE Admission Standards Index or Transfer GPA

The following types of undergraduate applicants are exempt from the Commission's freshmen and transfer admission standards.

5.02.01 Degree-seeking applicant:

- 5.02.01.01 Applicants who have a foreign (non-U.S.) transcript. The Commission directs the individual institutions to evaluate to the best of their ability, the foreign credentials presented by the student to assure that they are of an equivalent level to those students admitted under the Commission's standards.
- 5.02.01.02 Applicants who have completed a baccalaureate degree.
- 5.02.01.03 Applicants to Metropolitan State College of Denver who are age 20 or older. More specifically, first-time freshmen and transfer students who are at least 20 years of age on or before September 15 for admission in a summer or fall term on or before February 15 for admission in a winter or spring term are considered non-traditional.
- 5.02.01.04 Applicants to the two-year role and mission component of a four-year institution (See section 5.04.02)

5.02.02 Non-degree-seeking applicant:

- 5.02.02.01 Applicants who are still enrolled in high school and applying for enrollment for a term prior to high school graduation.
- 5.02.02.02 Applicants for the summer session only.
- 5.02.02.03 Applicants to the two-year role and mission component of a four-year institution.

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5.02.02.04 Applicants without a baccalaureate degree who are age 20 or older. When non-degree-seeking undergraduates apply for formal admission to enroll in the same institution and become degree-seeking students (i.e., transfer within an institution), however, these applicants are subject to freshmen admission standards, regardless of age.

5.02.02.05 Applicants participating in a formal national, international, or Colorado Consortium exchange program with a planned enrollment for one year or less.

5.03 Freshman Standards

The freshman standard applies to all in-state and out-of-state new freshmen applicants and to transfer applicants with 12 or fewer college credit hours, except freshmen and transfer applicants who meet one of the admissions standards index exemptions listed in section 5.02. The freshmen standard also applies to students transferring within an institution and to new non-degree admits under age 20 (except summer). The Commission has developed a single scale for evaluating the achievement records of applicants that incorporates measures of standardized test scores, high school class rank, and high school grade point average.

More specifically, grade point average and class rank were found to be closely related and a correspondence was defined. It was used to create the Commission's High School Performance Index, with a mean and median of 50 and a standard deviation of 10. Similarly, standardized test scores from the ACT and SAT were used to create the Commission's Standardized Test Index. The Commission's Admissions Index was computed by adding the Commission's High School Performance Index and the Commission's Standardized Test Index. This creates a scale with a mean of 100. This scale is used in the freshmen admission standard. See technical appendix for more complete information (Attachment T.A.).

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5.03.01 The specific minimum index score at each Colorado public four-year institution is summarized in Table 1.

Table 1. CCHE Index Score for First-time Freshmen

Institution	Freshmen Admissions Index
Adams State College*	80
Colorado School of Mines	110
Colorado State University	101
Colorado State UniversityPueblo**	82
Fort Lewis College	80
Mesa State College*	80
Metropolitan State College of Denver***	76
University of ColoradoBoulder	103
University of ColoradoColorado Springs	92
University of ColoradoDenver	93
University of Northern Colorado	94
Western State College	80

^{*}Applies to students admitted to four-year programs only.

- 5.03.02 Students may be admitted at Adams State College or Mesa State College in either a two-year or a four-year program. Those admitted to a four-year program as first-time freshmen must meet the freshmen admission standards.
- 5.03.03 The GED test is a test of equivalency for the high school diploma. Students without a high school diploma who receive a score of 550 or greater on the 2002 version (55 or greater on the 1988 version) are considered to have met the Commission standards for the high and selective institutions. Students receiving 450 or greater on the 2002 version (45 or greater on the 1988 version) meet the Commission standards for the moderately selective and modified open institutions. This route to admission is not to be used by students with a diploma.
- 5.03.04 Calculation for Students Whose School Does Not Issue a GPA or High School Rank (Including Home Schooled). Students graduating from a school that does not issue a g.p.a. or rank, as well as those who are home schooled, will be assigned a proxy grade point average of 3.30, based on the statewide average high school g.p.a. of applicants to Colorado public four-year higher education. Institutions may not use this option when high school performance data are available but not provided by the student.

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^{**}Formerly the University of Southern Colorado. Index of 82 effective with fall 2003, index of 84 expected for fall 2004, and index of 86 for fall 2005 in accordance with change in role, mission, and name change (HB-01-1406).

^{***}Applies to admitted students 19 years of age and younger.

5.04 Transfer Standards

The transfer standard applies to all degree-seeking undergraduate transfer applicants with more than 12 college credit hours who do not meet one of the exemptions listed in section 5.02 and are not covered by the freshmen standard. No single scale comparable to that for the freshmen standard has been developed for transfer admission standards, but rather, the standards are based on grade point average from previous collegiate work, transfer hours, and high school record.

- 5.04.01 To meet the CCHE transfer admissions standards, students must meet one of the following conditions. A student must:
 - 5.04.01.01 be enrolled in a CCHE-approved statewide guaranteed transfer agreement (business, engineering, education (early childhood or elementary), or nursing) and meet the minimum academic qualifications outlined therein; or
 - 5.04.01.02 transferred from a different institution and earned more than 12 collegiate semester credit hours with a GPA at or above the minimum shown in Table 2.
- 5.04.02 Students may be admitted at Adams State College or Mesa State College in either a two-year or a four-year program. Students admitted into the two-year programs must meet the Commission's transfer admission standards in order to pass from the two-year programs to the four-year programs.
- 5.04.03 The specific institution grade point average required to meet the CCHE Transfer Standards at each public education is summarized in Table 2.

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Table 2. Minimum Grade Point Average Requirements for Students Transferring from Another Institution with More Than Twelve Collegiate Semester Credit Hours****

Receiving Institution	GPA*	Transfer Window Size	
Highly Selective:			
CSM	2.70	20%	
Selective:			
UCB	2.70	20%	
CSU	2.50	20%	
UCCS	2.40	20%	
UCD	2.40	20%	
UNC	2.40	20%	
Moderately Selective:			
ASC	2.30	20%	
CSU-Pueblo**	2.30	20%	
FLC	2.30	20%	
Mesa	2.30	20%	
WSC	2.30	20%	
Modified Open: Metro***	2.30	20%	
Open Admission: Community & Local Community District			
Colleges and all other institutions		n/a	

^{*}The same transfer standards apply to the two-year programs at these institutions

5.04.04 Precollegiate Curriculum

Transfer applicants with under 30 college-level semester credit hours and students transferring within the same institution must also demonstrate academic preparation comparable to the precollegiate curriculum to meet the transfer standard, if they graduated from high school in spring 2008 or later. Such preparation can be demonstrated by completing the precollegiate curriculum in high school and/or by successfully completing (with a grade of C- or higher) a college-level course in each core area (English, mathematics, natural sciences, and social sciences) where the high school unit requirements have not been fulfilled.

5.05 Students Not Meeting Institution's Admissions Standards (Window Admissions)

The purpose of the admissions window is to provide the institution greater flexibility in recognizing promising students who do not meet the CCHE admission standards. The maximum allowable percentage of admitted students who are not required to meet the CCHE admission standards within a specific fiscal year is referred to as the admissions window. Separate windows exist for the freshmen and transfer standards. The allowable percentage is determined by the Commission (see Tables 2 and 3).

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^{**}Effective July 2003; formerly University of Southern Colorado

^{***}Applies to admitted students 19 years of age and younger.

^{****}Students transferring within an institution (i.e., changing from non-degree-seeking to degree-seeking status) will be subject to freshmen admission standards, regardless of the number of transfer hours.

Table 3. Projected Window Size for Freshmen Admission Standard for Colorado Public Four-Year Institutions

	for					
Admission Category/Institution	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007Evaluation Year for Assessing Impact of Window Changes	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010Evaluation Year for Assessing Impact of Precollegiate Curriculum
Highly Selective:						
CO Sch of Mines	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%	10%
Selective:						
CO State Univ	20%	18%	16%	14%	12%	10%
Univ of CO - Boulder*	18%	16%	14%	12%	10%	10%
Univ of CO - Colo Springs	20%	20%	19%	18%	17%	15%
Univ of CO - Denver	20%	20%	19%	18%	17%	15%
Univ of Northern CO	20%	20%	19%	18%	17%	15%
Moderately Selective						
Adams State Coll	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
CO State Univ - Pueblo**	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Fort Lewis Coll	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Mesa State Coll	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Western State Coll	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%
Modified Open:						
Metro State Coll of Denver	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%

^{*}Quality for Colorado plan includes annual tuition increases requiring approval by CCHE, legislature, and the Governor. If approved, the window size will be reduced commensurate with reaching 10% by FY2009.

The window applies to the entire pool of admitted students, including those students who transfer within an institution by changing from non-degree to degree-seeking status if they have not previously been subject to freshmen admission standards. Students with missing data are included as part of the window percentage since such students do not meet the CCHE admission standards. Since the CCHE admission standards specified in this policy apply equally to both resident and non-resident students, no differentiation is made by tuition status in the calculation of the window.

Institutions may admit students with index scores below its specified minimum score including those with missing indices as a window admit, but the proportion of freshmen standard admits with an index more than ten points below the minimum is limited to one percent. This percentage of admits exceeding the ten-point range is included as part of the window size specified for each institution.

Effective with applicants who graduated from high school in spring 2008 or later, freshmen must meet <u>both</u> the institution's index standard and have completed the required precollegiate curriculum (if applicable) to meet an institution's freshmen admission standard. Freshmen who have not completed the required precollegiate curriculum will not meet the CCHE admission standard for any four-year college or university (except student age 20 or older at Metropolitan State College of Denver), regardless of the student's index score. Institutions may admit students who have not completed the required precollegiate curriculum, but these students will be counted as window admits.

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^{**}Effective July 2003; formerly University of Southern Colorado

5.06 Admission Not Guaranteed

Applicants who meet the appropriate Commission admission standard for an institution are not guaranteed admission to that institution. Institutions may make admission decisions based on other criteria resulting in admission standards more rigorous than the Commission admission standards.

5.07 Reporting of Data

Institutions shall report all undergraduate freshmen and transfer applicants, including those for summer terms, to the Commission on the SURDS Undergraduate Applicant File. These data will be used to monitor the compliance of institutions with the Commission's standards and to evaluate the impact of the policy on institutions and students. An institution must keep up at least one, full, prior year of files and records to document admissions decisions.

Each year the Commission staff will collect data on enrollment, transfer, and freshmen admission standards for all institutions and will prepare a report for Commission consideration. The Commission then will formally review the report and reconsider the question of whether the ultimate standards designated under the policy should be retained or modified and whether the implementation schedule should continue on track.

6.00 Penalties for Not Meeting the Standards

If an institution should admit more than the CCHE-determined window percent for either the freshmen or transfer standard in any fiscal year, the Commission shall assess a financial penalty against the governing board. Such penalty shall be based on the number of admitted students, regardless of residency, exceeding the window percent limitation. The penalty will be calculated by doubling the number of admitted students exceeding the window percent and then multiplying the amount of state support applicable in the fiscal year in which the institution exceeded the window percentage. The penalty is binding and may not be appealed.

If an institution exceeds the CCHE-determined window percent for two consecutive years, the Commission, in addition to the financial penalty, may adjust the institution's index score by lowering it to the next index level or the point at which the institution would comply with the standards, whichever is lower.

7.00 Enrollment Limits on Admission Standards

7.01 Standards for Out-of-State Students Must Equal or Exceed Those For In-State Students

SB 93-136 added the following language to 23-1-113 (1) (a):

Effective July 1, 1993, the academic admission standards established for determining admission of students who do not have in-state status, as determined pursuant to section 23-7-103, shall equal or exceed those established for determining admission of in-state students.

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The admission standards policy applies equally to both in-state and out-of-state students, no differentiation is made by tuition status and the CCHE-determined window percent apply to the pool of all accepted students. It is possible, however, for an institution to use its available window "slots" to give preferential treatment to applicants according to student residency. Such a practice would violate the intent of the statutory language. Therefore, the following procedures will be carried out yearly in order to monitor compliance with the intent of this requirement.

7.01.01 Separate Window Calculations for In-State and Out-of-State Accepted Students

Each fiscal year, after final Undergraduate Applicant data has been submitted and edited, separate window calculations will be made by Commission staff for students reported as in-state and out-of-state. Institutions whose in-state window percent is less than the out-of-state percent (by at least 0.5 percent) will be subject to further analysis. If this further review is not indicated by this comparison, then the institution will be considered to be in compliance.

7.01.02 Acceptance Decisions by Admission Index Range

The acceptance decisions made by institutions who do not meet the criteria identified in 7.01.01 will be analyzed by in-state and out-of-state applicant for significant differences.

Within each category, the number of total applicants and the percent offered admission will be calculated for both in-state and out-of-state applicants. If the percent of in-state applicants offered admission is greater than the percent of out-of-state applicants in almost every case, then the institution will be considered to be in compliance with the intent of the statutory language. One or two exceptions will not necessarily be considered as evidence of lack of compliance as long as these exceptions do not indicate a clear preference for out-of-state applicants, especially in the ranges around the institution's cutoff score.

7.01.03 Consequence for Not Complying With Statutory Intent

If the data for an institution does not show compliance with the analysis described in both 7.01.01 and 7.01.02, then staff will formally request an explanation and corrective action from the institution's governing board, and a discussion item for Commission review will be prepared.

7.02 Not less than 55 percent of the incoming freshman class at each state-supported institution of higher education shall be in-state students.

SB 93-136 added the following directive to statute (amended by SB 94-218):

23-1-113.5. Commission directive - resident admissions. It is the intent of the general assembly that all state-supported institutions of higher education operate primarily to serve and educate the people of Colorado. The general assembly therefore directs the commission to develop admission policies to ensure that, beginning with the fall term of 1994 and for the fall term of each year thereafter,

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not less than fifty-five percent of the incoming freshman class at each state-supported institution of higher education are in-state students as defined in section 23-7-102 (5). Commencing with the fall term of 1995, this requirement shall be met if the percentage of in-state students in the incoming freshman class for the then current fall term and the two previous fall terms averages not less than fifty-five percent. Such fifty-five percent requirement shall also apply to the up to twenty percent of incoming freshmen students admitted based on criteria other than standardized test scores, high school class rank, and high school grade point average pursuant to section 23-1-113 (1) (b).

7.02.01 Use of the Fall Term, SURDS Enrollment File

Fall term data from the Student Unit-Record Data System (SURDS) Enrollment File will be used to test compliance.

7.02.02 Calculation of the In-State Percentage for First-Time Freshmen

This statutory language applies to all public institutions, including state system community colleges and local district colleges. The in-state percentage will be calculated from the selection of all students on the Fall Enrollment File who meet the following conditions: credit hours - resident instruction greater than zero (in other words, students with only extended studies or sponsored program credit hours will be <u>excluded</u> from this calculation); student level less than 19; and registration status equal 1. The percent will be calculated as the total number meeting the above condition divided into those from this group that are reported as having in-state tuition status. It should be noted that this calculation <u>includes</u> all enrolled students, including those who were admitted through an institution's admission window, with the exception of Native American students attending Fort Lewis College, who are <u>excluded</u> from this calculation. Beginning with fall 1995, the average of the most recent three fall term percentages will be used to test compliance. This percentage will be calculated as the total in-state over the three years divided by the total enrollment.

7.02.03 Consequence for Not Complying With 55 Percent Restriction

If the data for an institution shows an in-state percent less than 55 percent for first-time freshmen, then staff will formally request an explanation and corrective action from the institution's governing board, and a discussion item for Commission review will be prepared.

7.03 Reports to the Commission

Upon receipt and final editing of the data specified in sections 7.01, Commission staff shall prepare an analysis of the data and prepare a report for the Commission. Any institutions failing to meet the statutory language shall be identified and a subsequent discussion item from the institution and/or its board shall be prepared for Commission action.

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